



PROGRESS. PRIDE.®

IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY College of Agriculture and Life Sciences

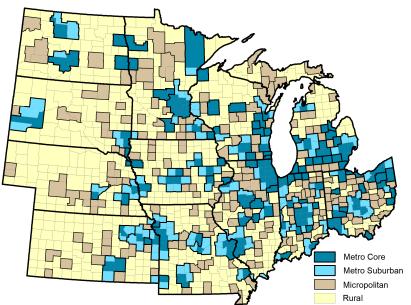
Ohio

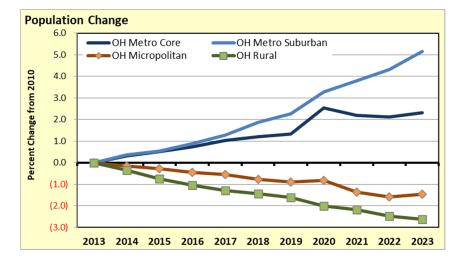
Population Trends

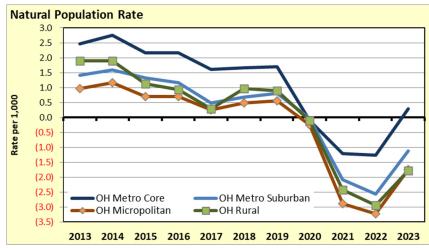
Publication summarizes current demographic trends over the past 10 years. Indicators are taken from federal data sources at the county-level. Metropolitan core areas include counties with an urban city over 50,000 people. Metropolitan suburban areas include the suburban counties of metro cities that are linked by commuting patterns. Micropolitan counties have an urban city of at least 10,000 people. Rural counties, technically called "noncore", have no urban city of 10,000 or more.

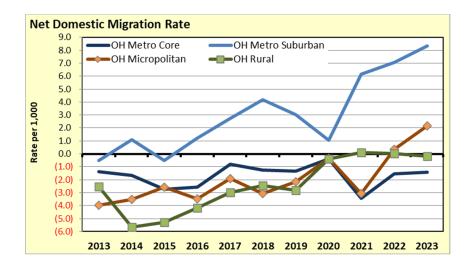
Percent change in population since 2013.

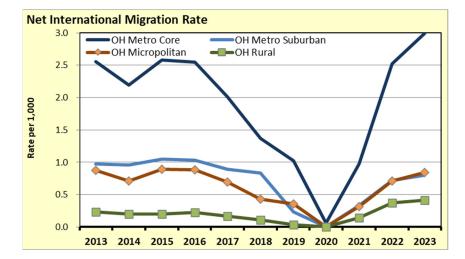
Natural change in population per 1,000 residents between 2013-2023. Natural change is the difference between births and deaths. A positive number means births exceed deaths, meaning the population is naturally growing. A negative number means deaths exceeded births, meaning the population is naturally declining.

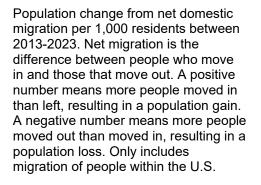




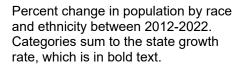


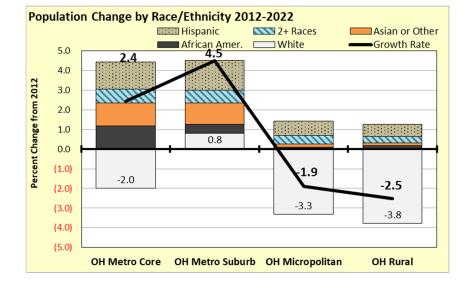


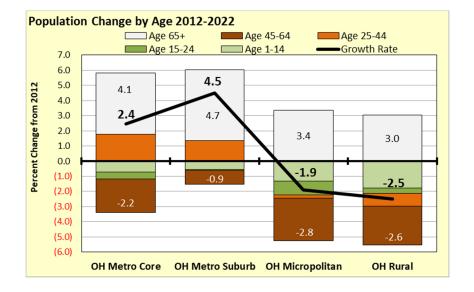




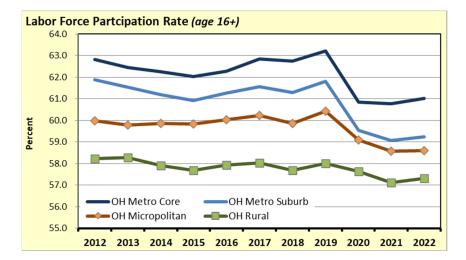
Population change from net international migration per 1,000 residents between 2013-2023. Only includes migration of people internationally to and from the U.S.

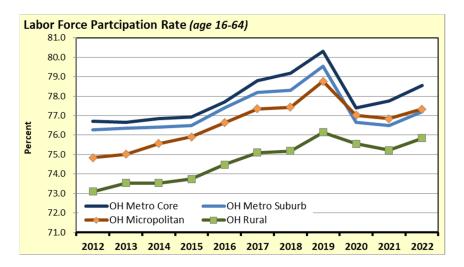






Percent change in population by age between 2012-2022. Categories sum to the state growth rate, which is in bold text.





Labor force participation rate for the population 16 years and older between 2012-2022. This measures the percent of residents 16 years and older who are active in the job market. It is a broader measurement of unemployment because it includes those not seeking work such as the unemployable, discouraged workers, and those not in the labor force.

Labor force participation rate for the population 16-64 years between 2012-2022. This measures the percent of working-age residents 16-64 years who are active in the job market.

Acknowledgements

Prepared by the Iowa Small Towns Project at Iowa State University. For more information, email <u>dpeters@iastate.edu</u> or telephone (515) 294-6303. USDA and ISU Extension are equal opportunity providers. https://www.extension.iastate.edu/diversity/ext